

**Central Baltic Programme** 

# Central Baltic Programme 2021-2027 Programme objectives 3, 4 and 5

Samu Numminen | 1.12.2021

Zoom

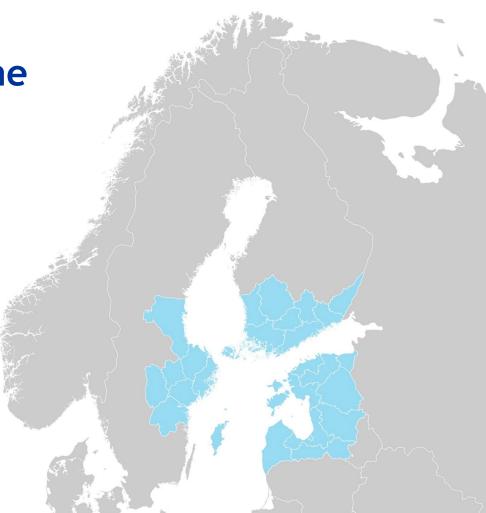
### Goals for the seminar

- To go through the contents of the environmental programme priorities
- To understand what is required from an environmental project in the Central Baltic programme

### **PROGRAMME AREA**

# Central Baltic Programme 2021-2027 area

Estonia Finland, including Åland Latvia Sweden



#### **PROGRAMME BASICS**

118 million euros ERDF funding

> POs 3-5 52 million euros ERDF funding

Partners from at least two participating countries

Clear cross-border added-value

Contribution to indicators

2-step approach for regular projects

Small projects

### ENVIRONMENT: WHAT'S NEW FOR 2021-2027?

WILL BE

**NEW** 

- Focus and result-orientation
- An ambition to simplify

WILL REMAIN

- Cross-border cooperation
- Improving the coastal and marine environment
- Transport and traffic issues

- An increase in the use of Simplified Cost Options
- A new e-monitoring system Jems
- Circular economy
- Transport and traffic issues

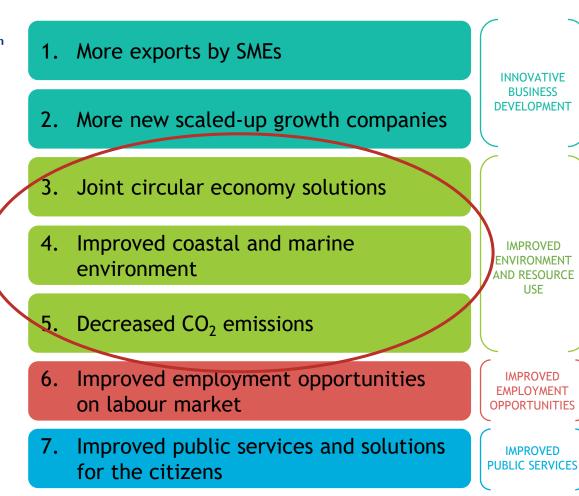
### **INTERVENTION LOGIC**



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### 7 PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES



### FOCUS ON RESULTS



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### **EXPECTED RESULTS**

**PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE 3** Joint circular economy solutions

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE 4 Improved coastal and marine environment

> PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE 5 Decreased CO2 emissions

As a result, product and service cycles and chains are improved.

As a result, the load of nutrients and other harmful substances to the Baltic Sea is reduced from various sources.

As a result,  $CO_2$  emissions are reduced from intermodal transport nodes and areas.

### **PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES**

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#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS

4. IMPROVED COASTAL AND MARINE ENVIRONMENT

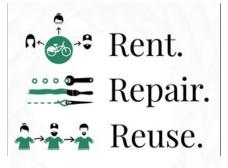
#### 5. DECREASED CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS

#### IMPROVED ENVIRONMENT AND RESOURCE USE

# State of play

- EU Circular Economy Action Plan
- Part of the Green Deal; a strategy for climate-neutral, resource-efficient and competitive economy
- Climate neutrality by 2050
- Circularity is a common goal for Europe, and also for many Interreg programmes (Baltic Sea Region programme, Estonia-Latvia programme)
- Scaling up from front-runners to mainstream economy

#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS



### **RESULT INDICATOR**

The number of improved product/service cycles/chains

#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS

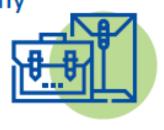
#### APPROACH AND SCOPE

- The approach derives from challenges related to high levels of waste, low levels of product and material reuse, and low levels of awareness.
- Three basic components will be targeted within CE: Design of the whole life cycle of products and/or services, awareness raising and behaviour change of consumers as well as producers and service providers.
- This Programme Objective will not target the efforts to directly reduce the impact of nutrients, toxins and hazardous substances on the Baltic sea by water management activities ( $\rightarrow$  PO4).
- All main categories of waste can be targeted by the projects if the Central Baltic scale can be identified and justified, and where there are opportunities for decreasing waste or increasing the reuse of products or materials.
  - The Central Baltic scale will be defined by the existence of cross-border product/service life cycle or chain, or a solution which extends across CB borders or can be downsized to CB scale.

## Key value chains

# **4** million jobs

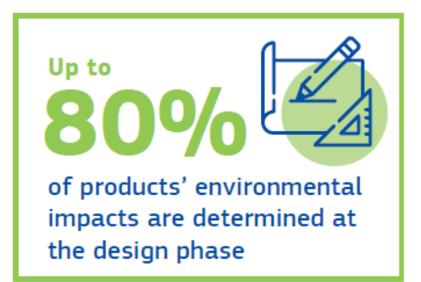
linked to the circular economy in the EU



- Electronics and ICT
- Batteries and vehicles
- Packaging
- Plastics
- Textiles
- Construction and buildings
- Food, water, and nutrients

# Phases of chains/cycles

- Product design
- Planning of production
- Production
- Marketing
- Sales
- Repairability
- Recyclability



#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS

### **INDICATIVE JOINT ACTIONS**

- Awareness raising of consumers, organisations
- Mapping the cross border product life cycles/chains
- Feasibility studies, plans and designs
- Trainings and skills development
- Joint product development prototyping activities and crossborder hackathons

- Development and implementation of methods and technologies to reduce the use of materials, reduce the waste and increase the reuse of materials
- Process developments and digitalisation of processes
- Small scale investments to reduce the use of materials, waste and increase the reuse of materials
- Experience exchange and learning as result of joint implementation



### Joint elements and cross-border added value

- The joint elements which justify and add cross-border value must be described.
- The project approach and the activity plan should be joint and integrated
- Examples:
  - The joint Central Baltic cross border product/service chain should be in place and identified as a precondition for the project
  - Mixed target group participants in project activities (e.g., joint trainings, events etc.)
  - Jointly developed or adopted approaches, methodologies and/or technologies
  - Jointly developed and applied solutions

#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS



# Things to remember

- Focus your activities
- Do not try to cover too much
- However, more than one cycle/chain can be targeted in one project
- The focus can be on products or services



### Any questions?

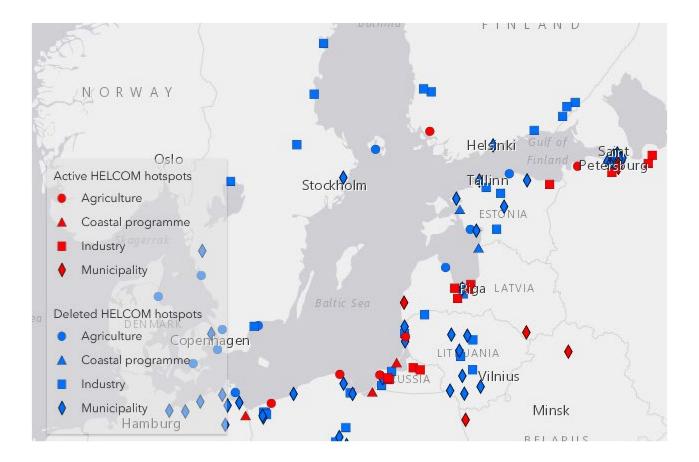
#### PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES



#### IMPROVED ENVIRONMENT AND RESOURCE USE

# State of play

- Continued from the 2014 2020 programme
- Achievements have been made
- HELCOM BSAP
- National water management plans
- National marine strategies



# State of play

- Continued from the 2014 2020 programme
- Achievements have been made
- HELCOM BSAP
- National water management plans
- National marine strategies

### **RESULT INDICATOR**

The number of improved urban and agricultural load sources

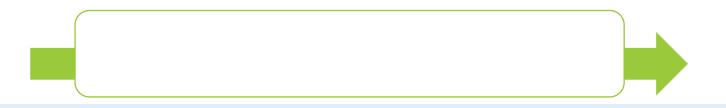
#### APPROACH AND SCOPE

- The approach derives from challenges related to the poor health of the Baltic sea.
- The approach is to use existing and new measures to reduce the inflows of nutrients, hazardous substances, plastics, and toxins' inflows to the Baltic Sea. Both preventive and direct measures are supported.
- The focus areas with impact to the Baltic Sea have been defined in the national water management plans and marine strategies. As the load of harmful substances originate mainly from catchment areas, landbased load sources like for example the agricultural sector, forestry and the impact from urban systems are most relevant to be targeted by joint actions. Sea-based load sources such as sediments as can also be targeted.
- Projects resulting into direct positive effects to the Baltic Sea are prioritised.

#### INDICATIVE JOINT ACTIONS

- Awareness raising
- Information collection, surveys
- Analysis and surveys, plans, drawings, and designs
- Designing, adapting methods
- Planning and investing into digital solutions and processes

- Joint pilot actions to reduce inflows of nutrients, toxins and hazardous substances
- Small scale investments to reduce inflows of nutrients, toxins and hazardous substances
- Experience exchange and learning as result of joint implementation



### Joint elements and cross-border added value

- The joint elements which justify and add cross-border value must be described.
- The project approach and the activity plan should be joint and integrated
- Examples:
  - Mixed target group participants in project activities (e.g., joint trainings, events etc.)
  - Jointly developed or adopted approaches, methodologies and/or technologies
  - Jointly developed and applied solutions



# Things to remember



- Focus your goals
- Aim for achieving a change
- Reduction of harmful substances should take place during the project
- Focus on concrete activities

### Any questions?

#### PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

#### 3. JOINT CIRCULAR ECONOMY SOLUTIONS

4. IMPROVED COASTAL AND MARINE ENVIRONMENT

#### 5. DECREASED CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS

#### IMPROVED ENVIRONMENT AND RESOURCE USE

# State of play

- Partly continued from 2014 2020 programme
- EU is strongly targeting climate change
  - 2020 climate & energy package
  - 2030 climate & energy framework
  - 2050 long-term strategy
- Part of the Green Deal; a strategy for climate-neutral, resource-efficient and competitive economy
- Central Baltic: Capital cities, remote areas

#### 5. DECREASED CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS

### **RESULT INDICATORS**

1. Number of improved intermodal transport nodes and transport areas with CO<sub>2</sub> reductions

2. Solutions taken up or up scaled by organisations

### APPROACH AND SCOPE

- The approach derives from challenges related to CO2 intensity of transport systems, the lack of multimodal integration, and the low level of use of less CO2 intensive mobility solutions.
- Existing Central Baltic transport nodes and areas and improving the mobility solutions in large and small urban transport systems (also the ones servicing hinterlands of the urban areas) are in the scope of this Programme Objective. The goal is to achieve joint mobility solutions and improved intermodal mobility that help reduce CO2 emissions.
- Improvements in efficiency and usability of transport nodes and areas and urban intermodal systems should be achieved as well.

### 5. DECREASED CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS

## INDICATIVE JOINT ACTIONS

- Awareness raising
- Analysis and surveys
- Plans, drawings, and designs
- Planning and investing into digital solutions and processes

- Small scale investments leading to lower CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- Piloting new mobility solutions
- Experience exchange activities as joint seminars, study visits, surveys and trainings



## Joint elements and cross-border added value

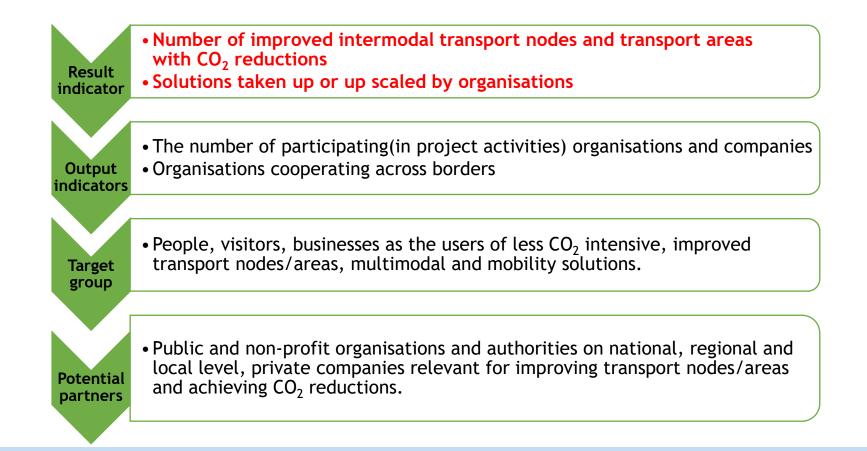
- The joint elements which justify and add cross-border value must be described
- The project approach and the activity plan should be joint and integrated
- There should be intermodal transport node or intermodal/multimodal transport system with common challenges in place

## Joint elements and cross-border added value

### • Examples:

- Mixed target group participants in project activities (e.g., joint trainings, events etc.)
- Jointly developed or adopted approaches, methodologies and/or technologies
- Jointly developed and applied solutions
- Intermodal transport node refers to a place or location where different transport modes interlink
- Intermodal transport area/system refers to an urban area with its hinterlands, where different transport modes interact and coexist

### 5. DECREASED CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS



# Things to remember



- Focus your goals
- Aim for achieving a change
- Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> should take place during the project, but it is also ok if reductions are foreseen right after the project
- Focus on concrete activities

# Any questions?

### THINGS TO CONSIDER WHEN PLANNING A PROJECT

# Pay attention when in planning phase!

#### CONTRIBUTION TO PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

• Looking at the result and output indicators

### THE RIGHT PARTNERS

- The technical eligibility has been widened
- More focus on the relevance of the projects
- The right partners needed to achieve results

### SUSTAINABLE RESULTS

- Value-for-money through real results
- Plans for the use of results should be considered early on

Write down your project idea to get feedback

www.centralbaltic.eu





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#### **Central Baltic Programme**

#### Project idea form

#### Central Baltic programme 2021-2027

Provide a short and concise description on the indicated aspects of the project idea. Avoid repeating same things under different questions. To get more information on the Programme content, please find a draft of the Programme Document from our website at <a href="http://www.centralbaltic.eu/for-applicants/key-documents/">www.centralbaltic.eu/for-applicants/key-documents/</a>

Indicative name of the project	
Targeted Programme Objective	
PO 1: More exports by SMEs	
PO 2: More new scaled-up growth companies	
□ PO 3: Joint circular economy solutions	
PO 4: Improved coastal and marine environment	
PO 5: Decreased CO2 emissions	
PO 6: Improved employment opportunities	
PO 7: Improved public services	



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## Information and support are available!

Applicant seminars

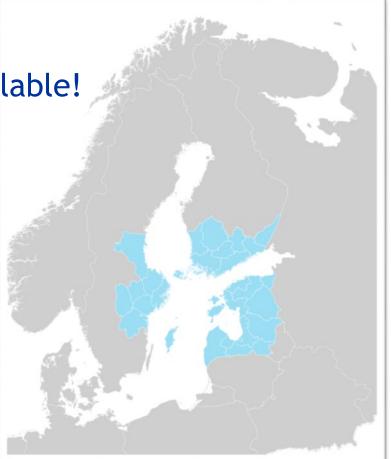
Individual consultations

National Contact Points in each country, including Åland

Website

Facebook, Twitter

Newsletter





for the citizens

**Central Baltic Programme** 

# Get in touch with us!

Ülari Alamets More exports by SMEs ylari.alamets@centralbaltic.eu 2. More new scaled-up growth companies (Innovative business development) Joint circular economy solutions 3. Samu Numminen samu.numminen@centralbaltic.eu Improved coastal and marine environment 4. (Improved environment and resource use) 5. **Decreased CO2 emissions** Laura Cunska-Āboma Improved employment opportunities 6. laura.cunska-aboma@centralbaltic.eu on labour market (Improved employment opportunities) Normunds Strautmanis Improved public services and solutions 7.

> normunds.strautmanis@centralbaltic.eu (Improved public services)







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## Thank You!



Varsinais-Suomen liitto Egentliga Finlands förbund Regional Council of Southwest Finland