Environmental greenery in designing and constructing innovative solutions

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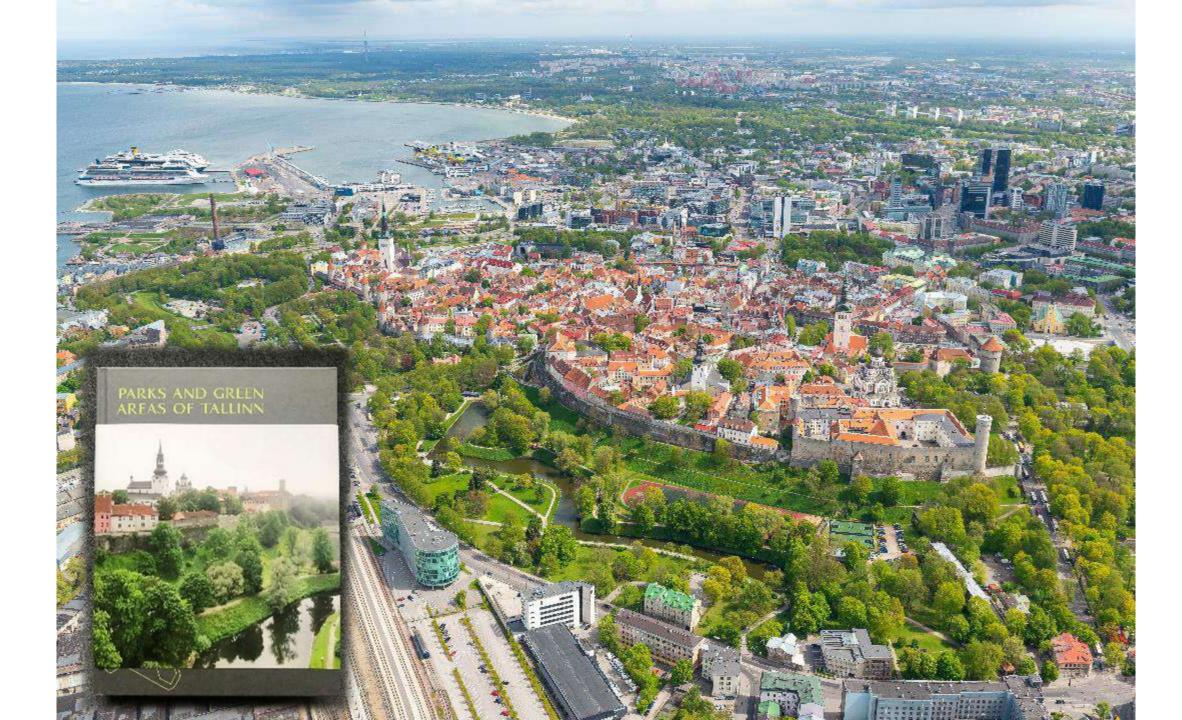




Green City of Tallinn

- 55.5 % of the territory is covered with vegetation
- Population density is 2,856 people per km²
- 87.3 % of Tallinners live less than 300 m from a public green area
- Probably most orchid-rich capital in Europe: 20 of 39 wild orchid species grow here
- Over 2000 ha of national & local conservation areas
- Islands Aegna (3,04 km²) and lakes Harku Lake (1,7 km²), Ülemiste Lake (9,4 km²)
- European Green Capital 2023











Why I am talking?

- The concern is great
- The power of working together
- Our division deals with landscaping from planning stage to the end of the replecement planting and contributes urban landscapeing and maintanance.
- 60% of trees are fallen due to their poor health condition.
- We cannot change the past we can only learn from it but we can change the future.

Tallinn's principles on landscaping

- Preserve existing vegetation as much as possible
- Provide good growing conditions for new greenery
- New landscapes:
 - Must fit in with the surrounding environment
 - Supports coping with climate change (heavy rain, heat islands, loss of biodiversity)
 - Be aesthetic, functiona and economical preserv the geenius loci

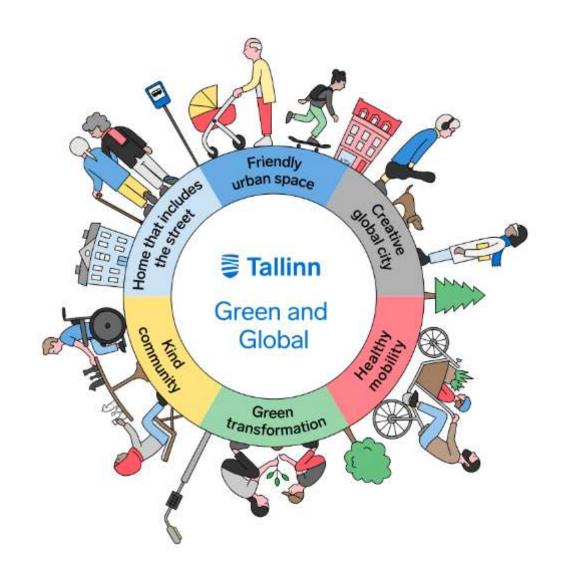




Tallinn Development Strategy "Tallinn 2035"

Field of activity: Urban landscape

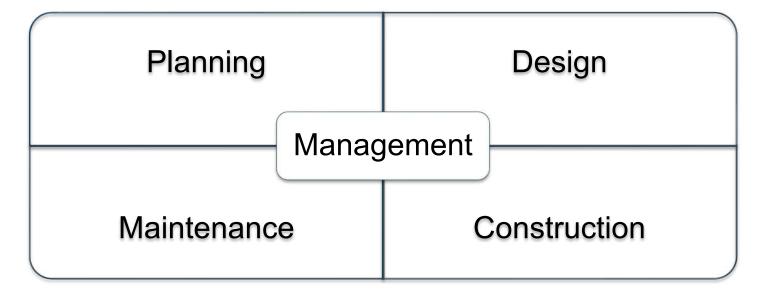
Tallinn has a valuable and aesthetic living environment with a functioning green network and a diverse landscape that has been designed and maintained in an environmentally sustainable manner.





Tallinn Development Strategy "Tallinn 2035"

One of the implementation principles of Tallinn's development strategy is that we base the development of the urban space on the integrity of the landscaping life cycle

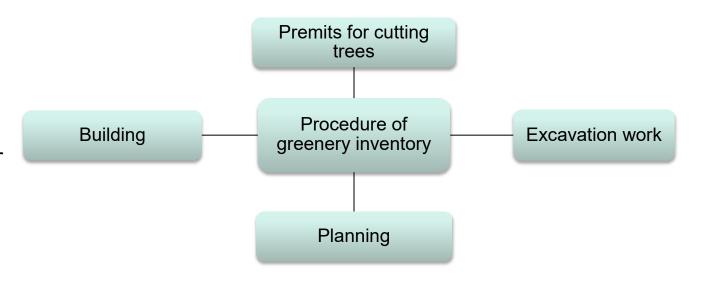


Stages of the life cycle of green areas



"Procedure of greenery inventory"

- Regulation No. 15 of the Tallinn City Government dated 20.06.2020 "Procedure of greenery inventory"
- The goal is found out :
 - the types of Habitate types,
 - the growth sites of valuable woody vegetation;
 - protected species and the need for their conservation
 - the habitats of plant species threatening the natural balance

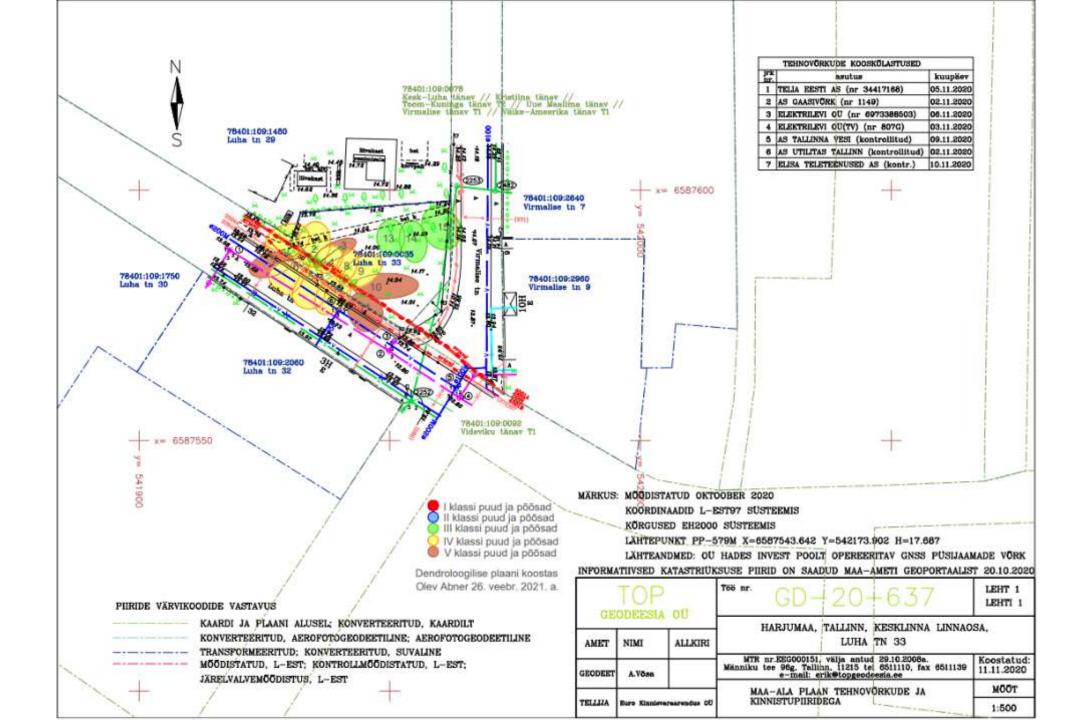




The inventory report consists

- Explanation letter
- Information about the inventoried greenery in an excel table
- A drawing of the inventoried greenery in dgn/dwg and pdf format
- A copy of the document certifying the inventor's education





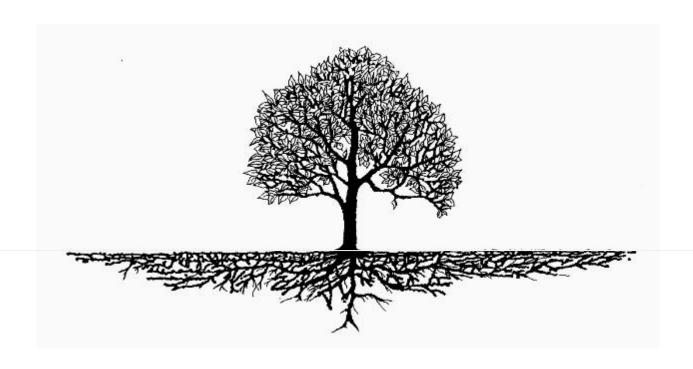
Jrk. nr.	Puittalme nimetus	Hindamise objekt	Rinnas- diameeter (diameeter 1,3 m kõrguselt maa-pinnast),	Körgus / körguste vahemik, m	Suurim võra läbi- mõõt, m	Haljas- tuslik väärtus- klass	Märkused
1	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	34	15	9	IV	tūvi tugevalt kaldu loode suunda ja toetub alaosas puu nr 2 tüvele
2	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	36	20	9	IV	tüvi kaldu kirde suunda
3	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	16	6	8 × 3	V	tüvi kaardunud ja väga tugevalt kaldu kirde suunda
4	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	35	20	6	IV	võra ühekülgne, suunatud kirdesse
5	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	33	19	9	IV	tüvi tugevalt kaldu edela suunda ja enamus võrast paikneb Luha tänava kohal
6	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	40	20	9	IV	võra ühekülgne, suunatud edelasse ja võra paikneb Luha tänava kohal
7	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	25	13	9 × 4.5	V	tüvi tugevalt kaldu lääne suunda ja võra paikneb Luha tänava kohal
8	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	30	19	7	IV	tüvi kaldu põhja suunda; võra ühekülgne, suunatud kirdesse
000	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	38	19	9	IV	ladvas lehestik hörenenud; võra ühekülgne, suunatud idakirdesse
10	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	29	10	13 × 5	V	tüvi tugevalt kaldu idakagu suunda; üle võra okstel pärna-võrsesurma kahjustused; ladvas lehestik hõrenenud ja võras mõned peenikesed kuivanud oksad
11	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	40	18	8	V	tüvi tugevalt kaldu kagu suunda; üle võra okstel tugevad pärna- võrsesurma kahjustused; ladvas lehestik hõrenenud
12	harilik pärn	üksikpuu	33	19	9	IV	võra ühekülgne, suunatud edelasse; ladvas lehestik hõrenenud
13	sookask	üksikpuu	27	15	7	111	võra ühekülgne, suunatud lõunasse
14	sookask	üksikpuu	34	17	8	III	võra ühekülgne, suunatud lõunasse; võras väike kaseluudiku tekitatud nõialuud
15	sookask	üksikpuu	36	17	9	III	võra ühekülgne, suunatud itta

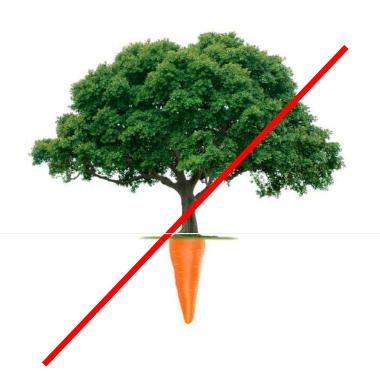


- Harilik pärn *Tilia cordata*
- Object
- Trunk diameeter in 1,3m
- Height
- The largest crown diameter
- Landscaping value
- Notes

A common problem— a tree is not a carrot

The laws of nature cannot be changed

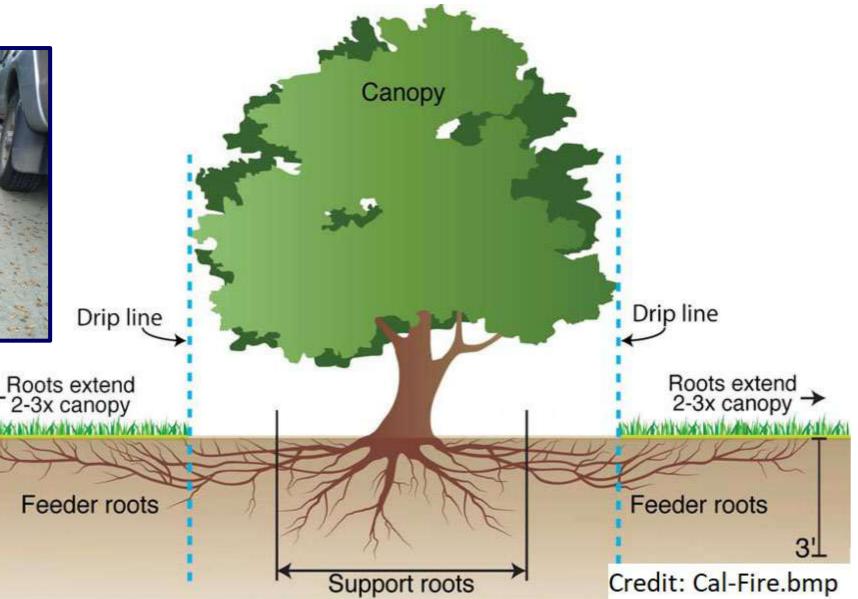


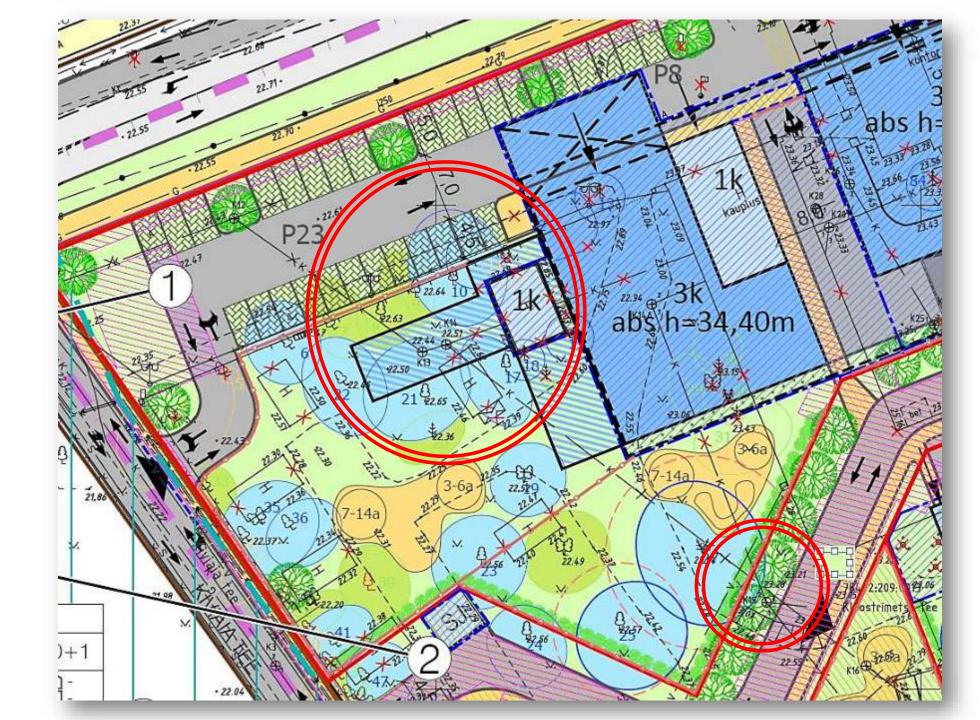




Growth space









An example of using inventory results - a project



Green unit

- The Green Unit is a unit indicating the obligation of replacement planting, which depends on the tree species, breast diameter, value class and the reason for felling. Abbreviation HÜ.
- The cost of Green units is converted to the number of trees, shrubs or perennials to be planted using the following formula:
- HÜ Green unit
- D₂ the diameter of a deciduous tree to be planted at a height of 1m or the diameter of the root neck of a coniferous tree in centimeters
- K- the product of the coefficients
- I the number of plants to be planted

$$D_{1*}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3)/3 = H\ddot{U}$$

$$H\ddot{U}/D_2*K=I$$



Operation of replacement planting

 We visit the site and mark and evaluate the trees

Application submitted

Sign a contract

- How much new landscaping can fit on your property
- How much must be paid to the city

- To own property
- To the public area

Fulfilment

Review

- After planting
- 2 years after planting e post-warranty



Planting trees

Tallinn City Government Regulation No. 112 of 28.09.2011 "Procedure for planting trees in public areas,"

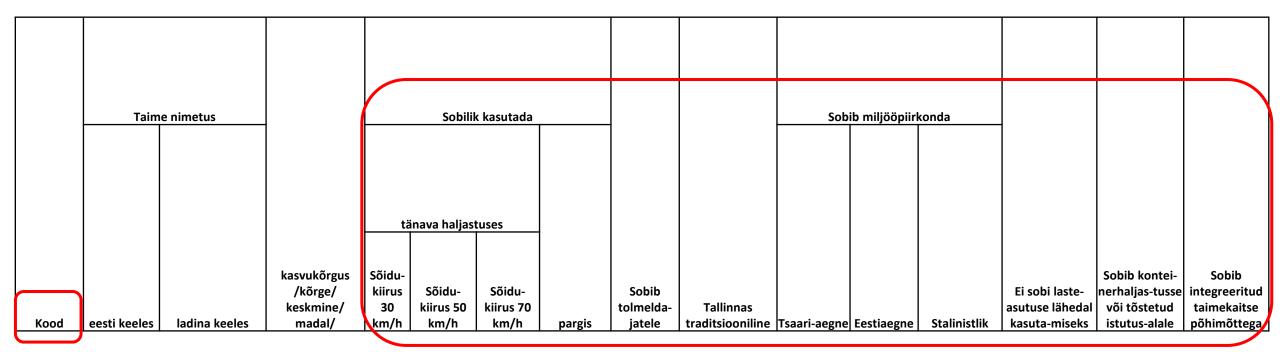
- Projecting
- Seedling quality
- Planting Warranty
- Maintenance
- Recommended list of street and park trees
- Requirements for growing space, soil support, watering and mulching
- Plants and root system quality requirements
- Samples of sections of the project





Procedure for landscaping public areas

A new "Procedure for planting trees in public areas" is being drafted, which will cover trees, shrubs, perennials, lianas and graas, with reccomentation and tips (sample sections). The Tallinna Botanical Garden has completed a stady entitled "Tallinn's Street Vegetation. Review of existing and new planting and constructions"

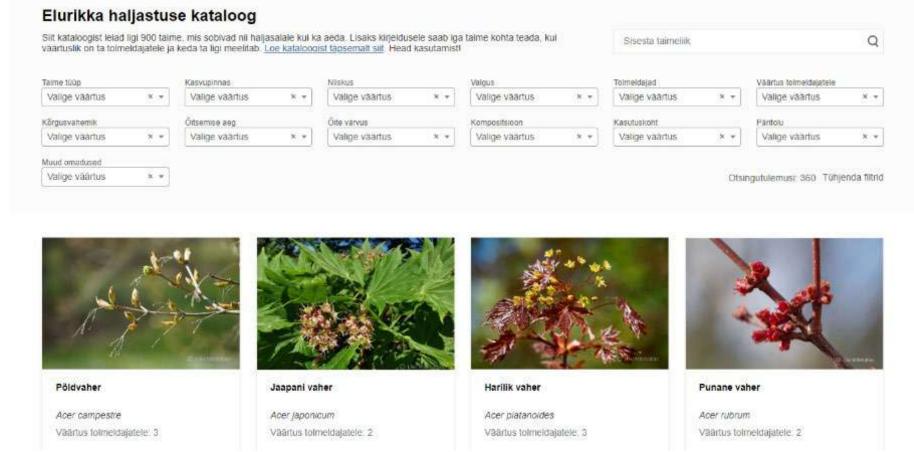


Estonian standards

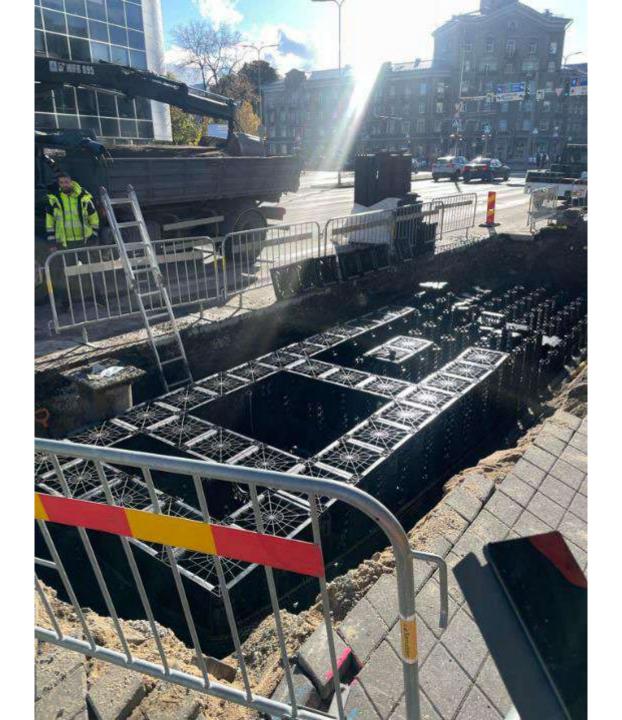
Туре	Name	Language	Format
	EVS 939-2:2020	Estonian	☐ 17.08 € incl tax View / Buy
Main	Puittaimed haljastuses. Osa 2: Ilupuude ja -põõsaste istikute kvaliteedinõuded		= 17.08 € incl tax
	Woody plants in greenery. Part 2: Quality requirements for the nursery plants of ornamental trees and shrubs		Preview ▼
	✓ Newest version Valid from 16.11.2020		
	EVS 939-1:2020	Estonian	☐ 13.42 € incl tax View / Buy
Main	Puittaimed haljastuses. Osa 1: Terminid ja määratlused		■ 13.42 € incl tax
	Woody plants in greenery. Part 1: Terms and definitions		Preview ▼
	✓ Newest version Valid from 16.11.2020		
	EVS 939-4:2020	Estonian	② 23.18 € incl tax View / Buy
Main	Puittaimed haljastuses. Osa 4: Puuhooldustööd		= 23.18 € incl tax
1110111	Woody plants in greenery. Part 4: Arboricultural works		Preview ▼
	✓ Newest version Valid from 16.11.2020		
	EVS 939-3:2020	Estonian	23.18 € incl tax
Main	Puittaimed haljastuses. Osa 3: Ehitusaegne puude kaitse		= 23.18 € incl tax
Widiii	Woody plants in greenery. Part 3: Protection of trees during construction works		Preview •
	✓ Newest version Valid from 16.11.2020		

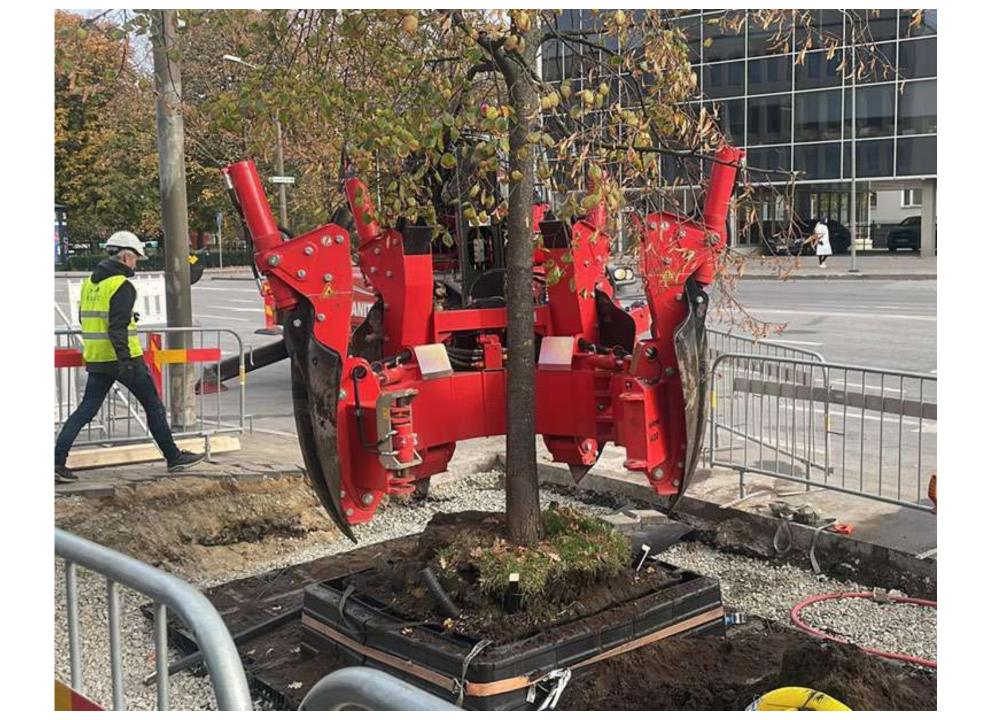
Biodiversity plant catalog on web

 The existing biodiversity plant catalog will be supplemented with plant species and examples suitable for public areas /https://haljastus.tallinn.ee/













Photos M.Jõgi and K.Kupper



How we show the future - a bad example



"Digital twin of Tallinn" - greenery?



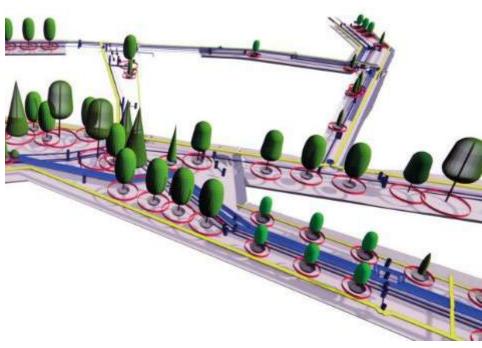


Image from Tallinn 3D City model

An example of a Finnish project

GreenTwins

In GreenTwins project, new digital 3D tools are developed for planning and visualizing urban green environments.

an algorithmic 3D plant library

- a 3D city model database with green area extension
- a 3D co-planning and analysis tool (Virtual Green Planner)
- a virtual reality tool that enables to simulate the temporal and visual changes in the landscape (Urban Tempo)
- city planning HUB in Tallinn

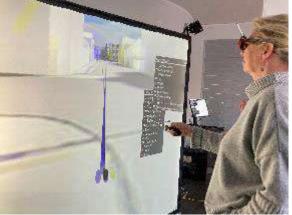
GreenTwins project is financed by the European Regional Development Fund and Estonian Ministry of Research and Education project "Smart City Centre of Excellence" (2014-2020.4.01.20-0289).





Virtual Green Planner. Photo: Green Twins.





City Planning HUB (preliminary setup). Photo: Green Twins.









Henna Fabritius presentation

DIGITAL TWIN OF TALLINN

Data extraction from nature



Data management and analysis





Decisions



ence

- Remote sensing la
- Various IoT device
- Self-driving cars

photogrammetry Aero-, mobile- an DIGITAL SHADOW

DIGITAL TWIN

Spatial Information Technologies System - The technological foundation of the Smart City



Tondiraba park

Active recreation areas are built around the growing forest in such a way that they do not spoil the diversity of species living in the park. Tondiraba Park is home to the largest sports and playground in the Baltics, over 5.7 hectares in size. There are a total of 10 kilometers of running and forest trails and footpaths. A skate park, pump track, dog parks, hammocks, barbecue areas and a bicycle service point also await visitors.

Tondiraba Park area — 29 ha





























Thank you for you attention!



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